



**St. Ethelbert's Catholic Primary School
and Nursery**

**Equality Scheme
and Action Plan**

Date of Policy Issue : September 2024

Name of Responsible Person : Mr S Marshall

Role of Responsible Person: Headteacher

Signature of Responsible Person : S Marshall

Signature of Headteacher

Signature of Chair of Governors

Date agreed :

Date to be reviewed : 31st August 2025

Our vision for St Ethelbert's Catholic Primary School is to be 'a school with High Expectations for All, in the Light of Christ'. All pupils will be given every opportunity to achieve their potential and encouraged to learn about and develop their hidden talents in order to reach high levels of achievement. All members of our school community will be fully equipped to meet all pupils' needs through appropriate professional development. St Ethelbert's will be an outstanding school.

'Every child at St Ethelbert's is to fulfil their academic, social, behavioural and emotional potential in the surroundings of a Catholic community, and in which each individual shares or respects the Catholic church and Christian way of Life.'

St. Ethelbert's Catholic Primary School Equality Scheme and Action Plan.

The Disability Rights Commission has produced a statutory code of practice called the Duty to Promote Disability Statutory Code of Practice. The duty requires all public authorities, including us as an educational establishment, to promote disability equality.

Schools need to have a Race Equality Action Plan, Disability Equality Scheme and Gender Equality Scheme. This scheme and the accompanying action plan sets out how the governing body of St Ethelbert's Catholic Primary School and Nursery will meet the three equality requirements.

Gender (sex)

- Duties under the Equality Act 2010 require the governing body to:
- Eliminate unlawful discrimination and harassment on the grounds of sex.

Promote equality of opportunity between women and men.

From 6 April 2010, the Equality Act 2010 requires the governing body to promote equality of opportunity between women and men (including boys and girls) and to publish a Gender Equality Scheme showing how the school intends to fulfil the general and specific duties. The Governing body will revise and review the plan every 3 years and report on progress annually. *There are no specific duties or requirements on schools in relation to gender reassignment, beyond the requirement not to discriminate in terms of employment of staff*

Disability

Duties under Part 5A of the DDA 2005 require the governing body to:

- promote equality of opportunity for disabled people: pupils, staff, parents, carers and other people who use the school or may wish to; and
- prepare and publish a disability equality scheme to show how they will meet these duties.

Parts 2, 3 and 4 of the DDA 2005 apply to different aspects of the school's operation: to employment, to the provision of services and to education. The Disability Equality Duty brings together schools' responsibilities under Parts 2, 3 and 4 and the school's scheme shows how the school is meeting its general duty to promote disability equality across all its areas of responsibility.

Duties in Part 4 of the DDA 1995 require the governing body to plan (The Schools Accessibility Plan) to increase access to education for disabled pupils in 3 ways:

- increasing the extent to which disabled pupils can participate in the school curriculum;
- improving the environment of the school to increase the extent to which disabled pupils can take advantage of education and associated services;
- improving the delivery to disabled pupils of information, which is provided in writing for pupils who are not disabled.

Race

Duties under the Race Relations (Amendment) Act 2000 require the governing body to:

- Eliminate unlawful discrimination
- Promote equality of opportunity
- Promote good relations between people of different racial groups

To meet this requirement the governing body will

- Produce a written race equality policy identifying action to be taken to tackle discrimination and promote equality and good race relations across school activity.
- Assess and monitor the impact of race equality policies on pupils, staff, and parents, in particular the attainment levels of pupils from different racial groups, and take such steps as are reasonably practical to publish the results of this monitoring annually
- Record racist incidents and report them to the local authority on a regular basis.

The school will contact the local authority for advice on the format, process and frequency of reporting as required.

Religion or Belief and Sexual orientation

Duties under the Equality Act 2010 require the governing body to:

- Eliminate unlawful discrimination and harassment on the grounds of sexual orientation.
- Eliminate unlawful discrimination and harassment on the grounds of religion or belief.

There are no specific duties or requirements on schools to publish a Scheme relating to religion, beliefs or sexual orientation.

Introduction:

Purpose of the Equality Scheme

The purpose of the school's Equality scheme is to meet the duties to promote equality of opportunity for and between diverse members of the school community, including, disabled pupils, staff, parents, women, men and different racial groups within the school. In order to do this the school will establish with all staff an overall vision of the duty to promote equality of opportunity for pupils, staff and parents.

Elements of the duties are:

Promote equality of opportunity between disabled and non-disabled people, women and men and between different racial groups.

- Eliminate discrimination and harassment on the grounds of disability, sex, race or ethnicity.
- Promote positive attitudes towards disabled people.
- Encourage participation of disabled pupils, parents, staff and carers.
- Take steps to meet disabled people's needs, even if this requires more favourable treatment.

Action by School Leadership Team (SLT) responsible for the Equality Scheme:

- Raise awareness of the 5 elements of the duties with all staff, governors, parents and pupils.
- Refer to 'Implementing the DDA in Schools' published by the Disability Rights Commission 3
- Ensure understanding of the broad definition of Disability within the DDA.
- Encourage disclosure of disability by pupils, parents, staff and other users of the school.
- Refer to 'The Gender Equality Duty and Schools' published by the Equal Opportunities Commission
- Work with trade unions to implement the gender duty in employment functions
- Create separate action plans for each equality duty highlighting links as appropriate.
- Set up working party of which the Key Functions will be:
 - ❖ To ensure the involvement of disabled pupils, parents/carers and staff
 - ❖ To ensure the involvement of trade unions regarding the gender equality duty
 - ❖ To arrange for the gathering of information.
 - ❖ To consider arrangements for race, disability and gender impact assessments

The governing body will use the Disability Discrimination Act 2005 definition of disability to respond to the different needs of disabled people.

Definition of disability

The DDA defines a disabled person as someone who has:

'A physical or mental impairment which has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on his or her ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities.'

Definition of the terms:

- ‘physical impairment’ includes sensory impairments;
- ‘mental impairment’ includes learning difficulties and an impairment resulting from or consisting of a mental illness;
- ‘substantial’ means ‘more than minor or trivial’; and
- ‘long-term’ is defined as 12 months or more.

The definition includes a wide range of impairments, including hidden impairments such as dyslexia, autism, speech and language impairments, Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD). These are all likely to amount to a disability, but only if the effect on the person’s ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities is substantial and long-term, as defined above.

The effect on normal day-to-day activities is on one or more of the following:

- mobility;
- manual dexterity;
- physical co-ordination;
- continence;
- ability to lift, carry or otherwise move everyday objects;
- speech, hearing or eyesight; • memory or ability to concentrate, learn or understand;
- perception of risk of physical danger.

Some people are automatically covered by the definition: those with cancer, multiple sclerosis, HIV infection or a severe disfigurement. There are special provisions for people with progressive or recurring conditions.

Involvement of pupils, staff, parents and other users of the school.

The school will consider and plan to involve pupils, staff, parents and other users of the school in relation to the race, disability and gender equality duty.

The school will continue to take into account the preferred means of communication for those with whom they are consulting. The school will ensure the involvement of a range of people and hear a range of views to meet the disability, gender and race duties. The views of the pupils, staff, parents, trade unions and other users of the school will be used to set priorities.

Information gathering

The collection of information is crucial to supporting St Ethelbert’s Catholic Primary School and Nursery in making decisions about what actions would best improve opportunities and outcomes for pupils, staff and parents. The information will also subsequently help us to review our performance. Information will be detailed enough to enable us to measure the delivery on equality duties relating to disability, race and gender, to assess the impact of the changes made and to help the school us identify which of our priorities have been achieved.

Information to Be Gathered

- Recruitment, development and retention of disabled employees, women and men from different racial backgrounds.
- Education opportunities available to and achievement of disabled, female and male pupils
- Identify disabled pupils, parents, carers, staff and other users of the school to develop the Scheme(All efforts to be made to collect information)
- The working party will recommend about how the information is to be held in school, and how it interlinks with other registers. E.g. Does the school have just one school profile with differing levels of access? Confidentiality and need to know clauses are required.
- Pupil attainment of boys and girls taking into account that certain groups of boys may do as well as girls.
- Careers and sports choices of both genders
- Bullying and harassment on the grounds of gender, disability and race.

Impact assessment.

Impact assessment refers to the review of all-current and proposed policies and practices in order to help schools act to ensure no gender, racial group or disabled person is disadvantaged by school activities and to promote race, disability and gender equality. Impact assessments will be an on-going process to ensure that our policies and practices develop, evolve and are incorporated into the school's planned review and revision of every policy. Every new policy or procedure will be drawn up with regard to our duties to promote race, disability and gender equality.

Identifying the main priorities

The priorities for St. Ethelbert's Primary School and Nursery scheme will be set in the light of:

- an examination of the information that the school has gathered; and
- the messages that the school has heard from the disabled pupils, staff, parents and trade unions that have been involved in the development of the scheme.

Some of the priorities identified may include:

- Improving access to information;
- Improving the involvement of disabled pupils, staff and parents
- Challenging gender stereotypes in subject choices and career advice
- Health, sport and obesity differences between girls linked to girls reduced likelihood of taking part in physical education and sport compared to boys.
- Tackling sexual and sexist bullying of boys and girls
- Employment and considering objectives to address the causes of any gender pay gap

Making it happen

Implementation

The Scheme will be supported by individual action plans relating to disability, gender and race equality and be incorporated into our School Improvement Plan, with oversight by the governing body so that progress can be checked.

The Action plans will show:

- clear allocation of lead responsibility;
- clear allocation of resources;
- an indication of expected outcomes or performance criteria;
- clear timescales;
- a specified date and process for review.

The school will evaluate the effectiveness of the Scheme with it's School Improvement Partner and Ofsted when the school is inspected

Publication

The working party will decide how best to publish the Equality Scheme either as a separate document or as part of the School Improvement Plan. The school will provide a copy for anyone asking for it in a range of formats.

Reporting

The school will report annually on the progress made on the action plans and its effect on policy and practice within the school. Reviewing and revising the scheme

As part of the review of the Scheme, the school will:

- revisit the information that was used to identify the priorities for the scheme; and
- re-examine the information to see if actions that the school has taken have affected opportunities and outcomes for gender, disabled pupils, staff and parents and diverse racial groups.

The review of the Scheme will inform its revision; how the school sets new priorities and new action plans for the next scheme. This process will continue to:

- involve pupils, staff and parents
- be based on information that the school has gathered.

Headteacher